



MICROSCOPE UNITS AND OBJECTIVES (UV, NUV, VISIBLE & NIR REGION)





Many of today's ultra-microscopic manufacturing technologies require sub-micron accuracy.

Mitutoyo produces microscope systems with advanced features that combine optical and precision measurement technologies developed by us over a long period of time.

Mitutoyo microscopes can be integrated into manufacturing systems, research and development equipment, and product inspection lines.

Contact your nearest Mitutoyo Sales Office for further details on standard product specifications as well as custom-designed microscopes to best fit your application.

















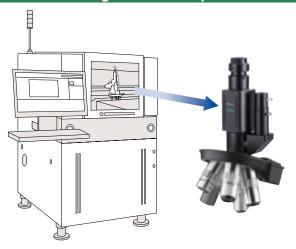


Ref.: "Microbio-World Ver.7, (http://elfe.miyakyo-u.ac.jp/opac/2008/03/cd_2.html)



A wealth of Applications

Integration example



The VMU series provides a wide range of small, lightweight microscope units to be integrated into automatic optical inspection devices (AOI) and repair equipment of all sizes.

Laser applications



UV laser application using VMU-L4B (Source of photographs: V-Technology Co.,Ltd.)



UV laser application using VMU-L4B (Source of photographs: HOYA CANDEO OPTRONICS CORPORATION)



Flaking of polyimide membrane



SEM photograph of IC surface after removing upper layer



Color filter working

Objectives compatible with YAG lasers (1064 nm, 532 nm, 355 nm and 266 nm) allow high precision and quality working.

Using a simplified stand, it can be used as a compact microscope.

- > Peeling off protective films and organic thin-films
- > Cutting of IC wiring (Au, Al) and exposure of lower layer pattern
- > FPD defects repair
- > Photomask repair
- > Marking, trimming, patterning, spot annealing and scribing

Various lasers are supported including femtosecond lasers. (For details, please inquire.)

Digital microscope systems



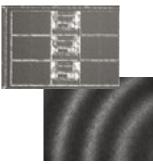
By installing a digital camera on a microscope the VMU provides a simple and compact system which allows microphotography and simultaneous external monitor observations. The VMU can be used in vertical and inverted positions according to your application requirements.

Using a simplified stand, it can be used as a compact microscope.

- > Microphotography and observation of metallic, resinous and printed surfaces
- > Micro-fluid analysis
- > Cell and microorganism observation/analysis

IR analysis/inspection

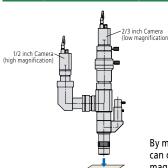




Optical systems using Mitutoyo M Plan Apo NIR objectives that cover a wide range of wavelength from visible to infrared are providing solutions on the production line and in the laboratory. Nondestructive inspection is made possible by using an infrared source.

- > Thickness measurement of LCD thin-film and silicon board film
- > Internal inspection/analysis and 3D evaluation of MEMS devices
- > Internal observation of IC packages, void inspection/evaluation sensor of wafer junctions
- > Spectral characteristics analysis using an infrared source

Dual-camera (high & low magnification) observation



By mounting two Cameras on VMU-LB you can observe the same area at different magnifications simultaneously.





See video from here.



Contents

Microscope unit for incorporating in Equipment VMU ····································
Microscope unit FS70 ····· 14
Objectives for Bright-field (long working distance) M Plan Apo
Objectives for Bright/Dark-field (long working distance) BD Plan Apo · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Near-infrared Objectives for Bright-field M Plan Apo NIR
M Plan UV
Tube lens MT ····· 28 Objectives for Measuring Microscopes ML ···· 30
Objectives for Centering microscopes CF
Optional accessories of VMU, WIDE VMU and FS70 Stand, Stage, Illumination Unit
Reference: Specifications of Objective Threads/ Transmission of Mitutoyo Objectives
Commentary: Laser Operating Method and Precautions 37
Glossary · · · · · · 38



Microscope unit for incorporating in Equipment **VMU**



Objectives shown mounted on tubes are optional.

Features

- > Small, lightweight microscope unit (Suitable for observing a wide range of objects: metal, resin, printed surfaces, minute mechanisms, etc.)
- > Can used with YAG (near-infrared, visible, near-ultraviolet, or ultraviolet) lasers.*1 (Suitable for cutting, trimming, repair and marking of IC wiring (Au, Al), removing and processing thin-film (insulating film) and repair of color filters (defects repair).)
- > Compatible with infrared optical systems*2
- > Equipped as standard with a telecentric illumination system with aperture diaphragm for epi-illumination optical systems (This is the best illumination system for image processing applications (e.g. dimension measurement, form inspection and positioning) which require even lighting.)
- > Models with enhanced rigidity and performance (VMU-LB / VMU-L4B).
- > Custom-order is available to meet the customers' requirements (Dual-camera, double magnification (high & low), etc.)
- *1: The performance and safety of laser-equipped system products is not guaranteed.
- *2: An infrared source and infrared camera are necessary. For more details on infrared observation, contact your local Mitutoyo sales office.

Model No.			VMU-V	VMU-H	VMU-LB	VMU-L4B	
Order No.			378-505	378-506	378-513	378-514	
Camera mounting orientation		itation	Vertical	Vertical Horizontal Vertical (rotatable)	
Observation	on		Bright-field/Erect image	Bright-field/Inverted image	Bright-field	Bright-field/Erect image	
	Camera	Optical features		Magnification: 1X; Waveleng C-mount (centering and parfocal adjustment)			
	port	Mount	C-m			C-mount with centering and parfocal adjustment and green filter switch	
	Tube lens (co	orrection range)	Built in 1X (v	visible - NIR)	Built in 1X (NUV - visible - NIR)	Built in 1X (UV - visible - NIR)	
Optical tube		Optical features	-	_	Magnification: 1X λ: 355/532/1064 μm	Magnification: 1X λ: 226/355/532/1064 μm	
tube	Laser port	Mount	_		With parfocal adjustment		
		Suitable YAG laser type *2	_		Fundamental, second and third- harmonic mode	Fundamental and second, third and fourth-harmonic mode	
	Polarizer unit *1		Available for observation		Available for observation and laser applications	Available for observation and laser applications	
Suitable objective (optional) For observation For laser cutting		For observation	M Plan Apo/HR/SL, G Plan Apo				
		For laser cutting	_		M/LCD Plan Apo NIR, M/LCD Plan Apo NUV Note: Selected depending on the wavelength of the laser source	M/LCD Plan Apo NIR, M/LCD Plan Apo NUV, M Plan UV Note: Selected depending on the wavelength of the laser source	
Applicable camera			2/3 inch or smaller				
Optical system epi-illumination		ination	Telecentric with aperture diaphragm				
Illuminated lens tube			Bright-field illuminated lens tube				
Illumination unit (optional)		nal)	Fiber-optic illumination unit (12 V, 100 W) (378-700)				
Main unit	mass		650 g	750 g	1270 g	1300 g	

^{*1:} M Plan Apo 1X objective should be used together with a polarizer (378-710 or 378-715).

Note: Observe the following precautions when using VMU-LB or L4B with YAG laser source attached.

^{1.} Be aware of the laser power and energy density. Otherwise, the optical system may be damaged.
2. Check the mass of the laser source. When mounting on a high-speed device or acceleration/deceleration device, please contact us.









Objectives shown mounted on tubes are optional.

Features

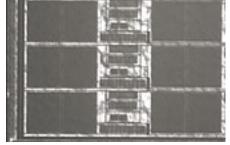
- > Observation over a wide field of view (Image field of ø30 mm)
- > Greatly enhanced brightness on the periphery of the field of view (Reduces the dependence on the light distribution characteristics.)
- > Compatible with infrared optical systems*1
- > Small optical observation system (Refer to page 35 for the dimensions.)
- > Compatible with HR series of high resolving power lens (Designed with pupil diameter of Ø16.8)
- *1: An infrared source and infrared camera are necessary.

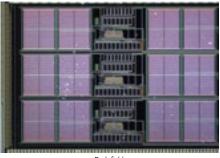
 For more details on infrared observation, contact your local Mitutoyo sales office.

Features

- > Observation over a wide field of view (Image field of ø30 mm)
- > Available for various observation methods (Including bright-field, dark-field for visual or scratch inspection, and polarized observation of objects with polarization characteristics)







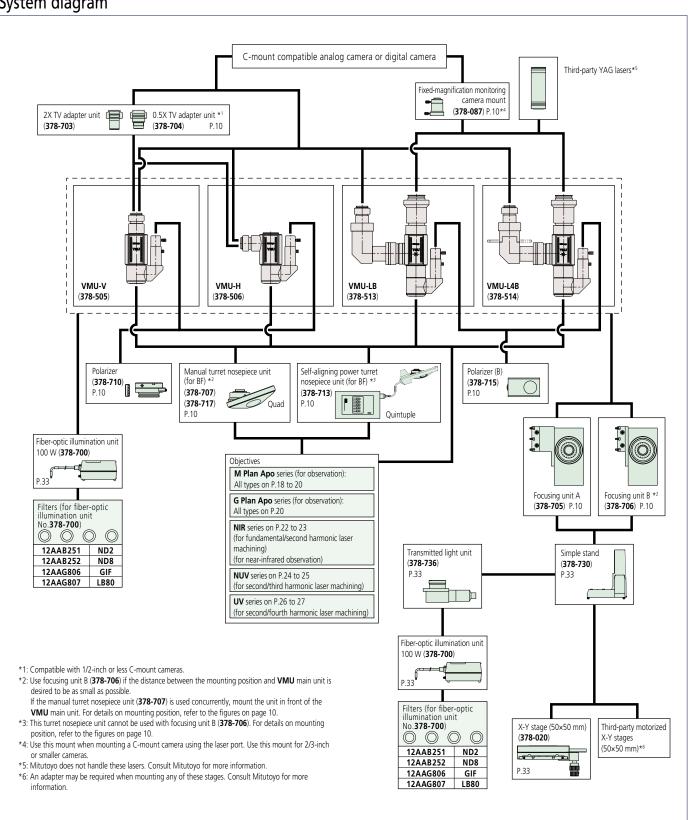
Bright-field Infrared Dark-field

		For Bright-field Observation	For Bright/Dark-field Observation		
Model No.		WIDE VMU-HR	WIDE VMU-BDV WIDE VI		
Order No.		378-519 378-517		378-518	
Camera r	nounting orientation	Vertical	Vertical	Horizontal	
Observat	ion	Bright-field/Erect image	Bright/Dark-field/Erect image	Bright/Dark-field/Inverted image	
	Optical system	Magnification: 1X Visible light - Infrared light	Magnification:	1X Visible light	
0 11 1	Camera Mount	F-Mount, C-Mount (with aligning and parfocal adjustment mechanism)			
Optical tube	Imaging forming (tube) lens	Built in 1X (visible - NIR)	Built in 1X (visible)		
tube	Image field	ø30			
	Polarized unit *1	Mountable			
Objective lens (required option)		M Plan Apo, M Plan Apo HR, M Plan Apo SL, G Plan Apo, NIR series	BD Plan Apo		
Applicable camera		Diagonal line length: 30 mm or less (equivalent to APS-C format)			
Optical system epi-illumination		Telecentric (Pupil diameter of ø16.8) *Coaxial epi-illumination, with aperture diaphragm	Telecentric illumination, Bright/Dark-field illumination optical tube (Dual-port fiber-optic illumination) Bright/Dark-field switching with light source on-off		
Illuminated lens tube		Bright-field illuminated lens tube (rotatable) *3, selectable between LED adapter and fiber adapter (both supplied as standard)	Bright-field illuminated lens tube (rotatable) *3		
Illuminati	on unit (optional) *2	Fiber-optic illumination unit (unit (12 V, 100 W) (No. 378-700)		
Main unit mass		1400 g	2000 g	2150 g	



VMU

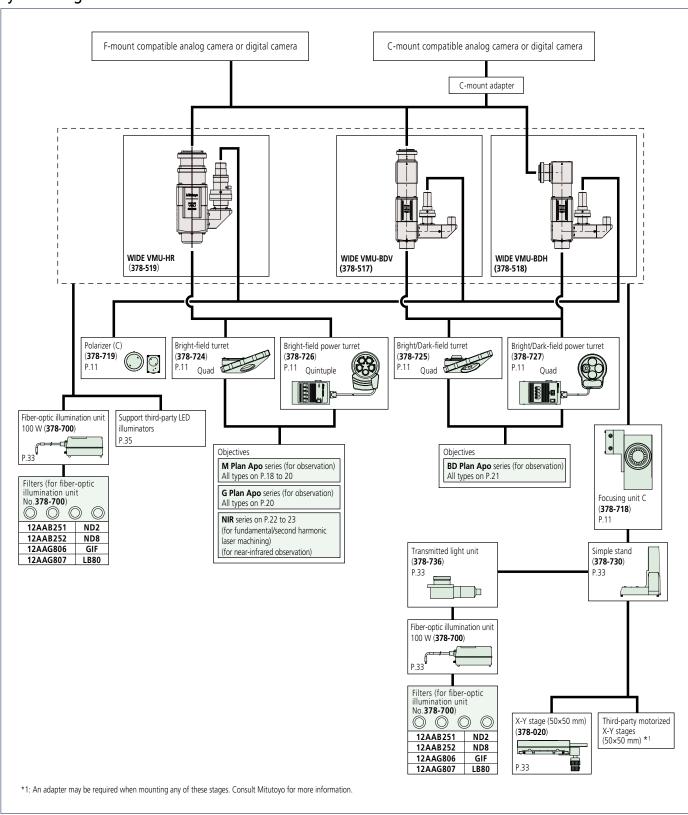
System diagram





WIDE VMU-HR / WIDE VMU-BD

System diagram





Optional Accessories for VMU

Manual turret

Has 4-objective mounts and can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface.



Installed on 378-717 VMU-V with optional objectives

Order No.	378-707	378-717	
Observation method	В	Bright-field	
No. of objective mounts	4 (Reference hole)	4 (1 reference hole and 3 holes with centering and parfocal adjustment)	
Mass	780 g	990 g	

Focus unit A and B



Manual focus units for the VMU. An optional stand (378-730) and XY stage (378-020) are provided to be used in combination.

Focus unit A mounted on VMU-V with an optional objective

	Focus unit A	Focus unit B	
Order No.	378-705	378-706	
Travel range	50 mm		
Coarse/fine feed	Coarse: 3.8 mm/rev., Fine: 0.1 mm/rev.		
Loading capacity	Approx. 17.4 kg	Approx. 17.7 kg	
Mass	2.9 kg	2.7 kg	

TV adapter unit

C-mount adapters for changing to a higher or lower magnification.







0.5X TV adapter unit

	2X TV adapter unit	0.5X TV adapter unit
Order No.	378-703	378-704
Magnification	2X	0.5X
Suitable camera	2/3 inch or smaller type	1/2 inch or smaller type
Mass	25 g	25 g

Power turret

Has 5 objective mounts and can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface.





Console box

Installed on WIDE VMU with optional objectives

Order No.	378-713			
Observation method	Bright-field			
No. of objective mounts	5 (1 reference hole and 4 holes with centering adjustment			
View field adjustment	±0.5 mm			
Positioning accuracy	2 σ = 3 μm			
Durability (life-time)	1 million repositioning operations			
Drive method	DC motor			
Power supply	AC100 V - 240 V, 10 W			
Output interface	RS-232C *1 for external PC control			
Cable length	2.9 m*2 (connection of power turret and console box)			
Dimensions (WxHxD) and mass	Turret: 130x47x186 mm, 1.8 kg, Console box: 108x63x176 mm, 810 g			

^{*1:} Optional RS-232C Cable: 12AAA807

Polarizer and Analyzer

Provides simplified polarized light observation. Also enhances contrast of low-magnification objectives.





No.378-710





No.378-715

378-710

378-715

	Installed on VMU-L4B	
VMU-V • V	MU-H	
VMU-LB •	VMU-L4B	

Camera mount

Order No

Order No.



378-087 Mass: 180 g

Can be attached to the laser mount (VMU-LB and VMU-L4B) for dual-camera system. It is compatible with 2/3 inch or smaller C-mount cameras.

^{*2:} The length of cable connecting the power turret and console box is a safe maximum and therefore Mitutoyo does not guarantee error-free operation if a cable extension is used to increase total cable length.



Optional Accessories for WIDE VMU-HR / WIDE VMU-BD

Bright-field turret Bright/Dark-field turret

Has 4-objective mounts and can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface.



Installed on 378-724 WIDE VMU-HR with optional objectives

Order No.	378-724	378-725
Observation method	Bright-field	Bright/Dark-field
No. of objective mounts	4 (Reference hole)	4 (Reference hole)
Mass	825 g	755 g
Applicable models	WIDE VMU-HR	WIDE VMU-BDV WIDE VMU-BDH

Focus unit C



Manual focus units for the WIDE VMU. When an optional stand (378-730) is mounted, center of stage and optical axis are matched.

Focus unit C mounted on WIDE VMU-HR with an optional objective

	Focus unit C
Order No.	378-718
Travel range	50 mm
Coarse/fine feed	Coarse: 3.8 mm/rev., Fine: 0.1 mm/rev.
Loading capacity	Approx. 17.4 kg
Mass	2.7 kg
Applicable models	WIDE VMU (all models)

Bright-field power turret Bright/Dark-field power turret

Has 5-objective mounts for Bright-field power turret and 4-objective mounts for Bright/Dark-field power turret. It can be fixed in the desired position relative (inward, outward, etc.) to the mounting surface.



Order No.	378-726	378-727	
Observation method	Bright-field	Bright/Dark-field	
No. of objective mounts	5 (1 reference hole and 4 holes with centering adjustment)	4 (Reference hole)	
View field adjustment	±0.5 mm	-	
Positioning accuracy	2 σ = 3 μm	-	
Durability (life-time)	1 million repositioning operations	-	
Drive method	DC motor	-	
Power supply	AC100 V - 240 V Max. power consumption is approx. 10 W	AC100 V - 240 V Max. power consumption is approx. 6 W	
Output interface	RS-232C*1 for external PC control		
Cable length	2.9 m*2 (connection of power turret and console box)		
Dimension: W×H×D (mm) Mass	Turret: 130×47×186 mm, 1.8 kg, Console box:108×63×176 mm, 810 g	Turret: 164×65×137 mm, 1.8 kg, Console box: 108×72×193 mm, 810 g	
Applicable models	WIDE VMU-HR	WIDE VMU-BDV WIDE VMU-BDH	

^{*1:} Optional RS-232C Cable: 12AAA807

Polarizer and Analyzer (C)

Provides simplified polarized light observation. Also enhances contrast of low-magnification objectives.

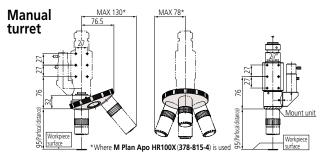


Order No.	378-719	WIDE VMU (all models)

^{*2:} The length of cable connecting the power turret and console box is a safe maximum and therefore Mitutoyo does not guarantee error-free operation if a cable extension is used to increase total cable length.



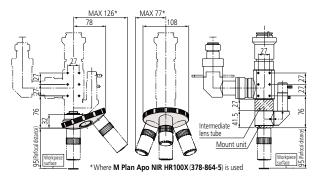
Dimensions of Optional Accessories for VMU



When mounting the turret on VMU-V or VMU-H

Note 1: The lens mount must be removed from VMU.

Note 2: The orientation of the revolver can be freely set to the mounting surface.

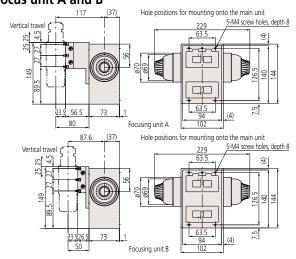


When mounting the turret on VMU-LB or VMU-L4B

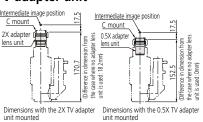
Note 1: The middle optical tube and lens mount must be removed from VMU.

Note 2: The orientation of the revolver can be freely set to the mounting surface.

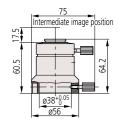
Focus unit A and B

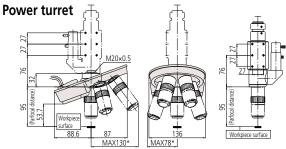


TV adapter unit



Camera mount



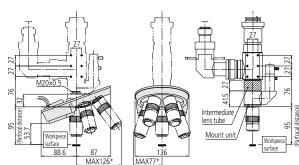


Where M Plan Apo HR100X (378-815-4) is used

When mounting the turret on VMU-V or VMU-H

Note 1: The lens mount must be removed from VMU

Note 2: The orientation of the revolver can be freely set to the mounting surface.



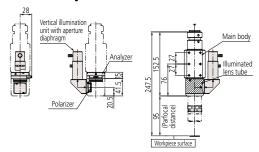
Where M Plan Apo NIR HR100X (378-864-5) is used

When mounting the turret on VMU-LB or VMU-L4B

Note 1: The middle optical tube and lens mount must be removed from VMU.

Note 2: The orientation of the revolver can be freely set to the mounting surface.

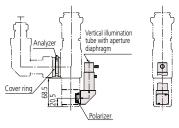
Polarizer and Analyzer



Installing the polarizer and analyzer on VMU-V or VMU-H

Note: The analyzer is installed by removing the Illuminated lens tube.

The polarizer is installed by removing the vertical illumination unit with aperture diaphragm.



When installing the polarizer on VMU-LB or VMU-L4B

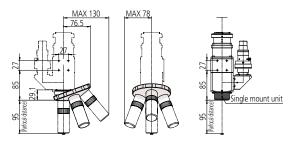
Note: The analyzer is installed by loosening the cover ring.

The polarizer is installed by removing the vertical illumination unit with aperture diaphragm.



Dimensions of Optional Accessories for WIDE VMU-HR / WIDE VMU-BD

Bright-field turret

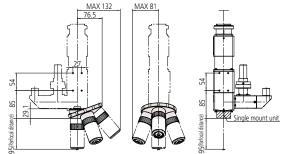


When mounting the turret on WIDE VMU-HR

Note 1: Turret is installed by removing the single mount unit, but the distance between the mounting position of WIDE VMU main unit and the stage is unchanged.

Note 2: Turret mounting direction is limited to the direction indicated in the above figure.

Bright/Dark-field turret

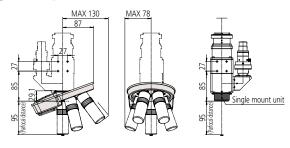


When mounting the turret on WIDE VMU-BDV / BDH

Note 1: Turret is installed by removing the single mount unit, but the distance between the mounting position of WIDE VMU main unit and the stage is unchanged.

Note 2: Turret mounting direction is limited to the direction indicated in the above figure.

Bright-field power turret

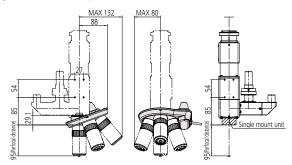


When mounting the turret on WIDE VMU-HR

Note 1: Turret is installed by removing the single mount unit, but the distance between the mounting position of WIDE VMU main unit and the stage is unchanged.

Note 2: Turret mounting direction is limited to the direction indicated in the above figure.

Bright/Dark-field power turret

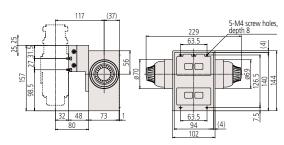


When mounting the turret on $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{WIDE\ VMU\text{-}BDV\ /\ BDH}}$

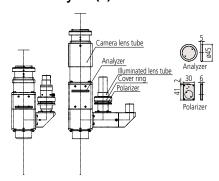
Note 1: Turret is installed by removing the single mount unit, but the distance between the mounting position of WIDE VMU main unit and the stage is unchanged.

Note 2: Turret mounting direction is limited to the direction indicated in the above figure.

Focus unit C



Polarizer and Analyzer (C)



Note: The polarizer is installed by loosening the cover ring.

The analyzer is installed by removing the camera lens tube.



Microscope unit **FS70**







Objectives and eyepieces shown mounted are optional.

Features

> Compact microscope unit with trinocular eyepiece tube

(Suitable for observation of many different types of object: metal surfaces, semiconductors, LCDs, resins, etc.)

- > Can used with YAG (near-infrared, visible, near-ultraviolet, or ultraviolet) lasers.*1 (Suitable for cutting, trimming, repair and marking of IC wiring (Au, Al), removing and processing thin-films (insulating film) and repair of color filters.)
- > Compatible with infrared optical systems*2
- > Product range supporting various observation methods (Bright-field/Dark-field/Simple polarization/Differential interference contrast (DIC))
- > Equipped as standard with a Koehler illumination with aperture diaphragm for epi-illumination optical systems
- > High operability with microscopes
 - (Inward turret design and long-working-distance objectives)
- *1: The performance and safety of laser-equipped system products is not guaranteed.
- *2: An infrared source and infrared camera are necessary. For more details on infrared observation, contact your local Mitutoyo sales office.

Specifications

Standard	Model No.	FS70	_	FS70Z	_	FS70ZD	FS70L	FS70L4					
head type	Order No.	378-184-1	_	378-185-1	_	Made-to-order	378-186-1	378-187-1					
Tilein or hand done	Model No.	_	FS70-TH	_	FS70Z-TH	FS70ZD-TH	FS70L-TH	FS70L4-TH					
Tilting head type	Order No.	_	378-184-3	_	378-185-3	Made-to-order	378-186-3	378-187-3					
Focus adjustmen	ocus adjustment 50 mm travel range with concentric coarse (3.8 mm/rev) and fine (0.1 mm/rev) focusing wheels (righ						ng wheels (right / left)					
			Erect image										
	BF (Bright-field)	✓	✓	✓	V		✓	✓					
Observation	BD (Bright-field/ Dark-field)					'							
image	Polarization	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
	Differential interference contrast (DIC)	V	~	~	·	·							
Optical tube type	ġ.		Siedentopf, adjustable interpupillary distance range: 51 - 76 mm										
Field number		24 mm											
Tilt angle		0 to 20°, displacement of eye point: 114 mm (only for tilting head type)											
Optical pass ratio)	Fixed type (Eyepiece/TV = 50/50)	Switchable type (Eyepiece/Tube = 100/0: 0/100)	Fixed type (Eyepiece/TV = 50/50)	Switchable type (Eyepiece/Tube = 100/0: 0/100)	Fixed type *3 (Eyepiece/TV = 50/50)	Switchable type (Eyepiece/Tube = 100/0: 0/100)						
Protective filter		,	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Built-in lase	r beam filter					
Tube lens		1	Χ		1X - 2X zoom		1	Χ					
Applicable laser				_		1064/532/355 nm	532/266 nm						
Camera mount			C-moun	t (using optional ada	pter B*1)		C-mount receptacle (with green filter switch)						
Optical system ep	oi-illumination	Epi-illumination for Bright-field (Koehler illumination, with aperture diaphragm)											
Illumination unit			Fiber-optic ill	length: 1.5 m									
Objective, option (for observation)	nal		M Plan Apo/HR	/SL, G Plan Apo	BD Plan Apo	M Plan Apo/HR/SL, G Plan Apo							
Objective, optional (for laser-cutting)			-			NUV	Series Series	UV Series					
Loading *2		14.5 kg	13.6 kg	14.1 kg	13.2 kg	type: 13.2 kg)	14.2 kg (tilting head type: 13.5 kg)	type: 13.1 kg)					
Mass (main unit)		6.1 kg	7.1 kg	6.6 kg	7.5 kg	6.6 kg (tilting head type: 7.5 kg)	6.4 kg (tilting head type: 7.2 kg)	6.7 kg (tilting head type: 7.5 kg)					

^{*1:} Installation is optional. *2: Loading on optical tube excluding weight of objective lenses and eyepieces

Note: Observe the following precautions when using FS70L or FS70L4 with YAG laser source attached.

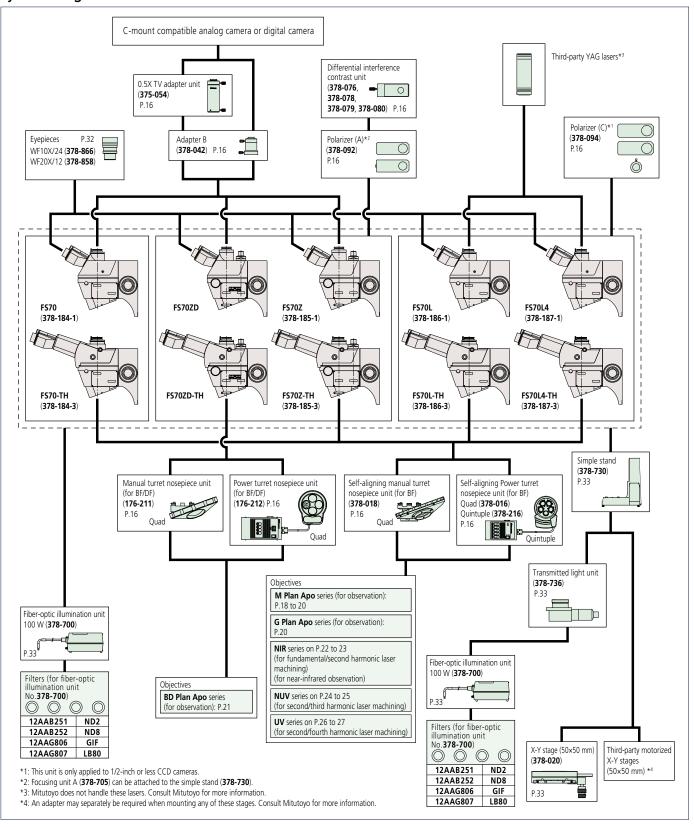
Be aware of the laser power and energy density limitations of the optical system to avoid damaged.
 Check the mass of the laser source. When mounting on a high-speed device or acceleration/deceleration device, please contact us.

Bulb replacement	Standard: Halogen bulb (12 V, 100 W) (517181)
buib replacement	For the fiber-optic cable illumination unit (12 V, 100 W) (378-700)

^{*3:} It is a switchable type when using FS70ZD-TH (Tilting head type).



System diagram





Optional Accessories for FS70

Manual turret





Order No.	378-018	378-211
Observation method	Bright-field	Bright/Dark-field
No. of objective mounts	4 (1 reference hole and 3 holes with centering and parfocal adjustment)	
View field adjustment	±0.5 mm	_
Parfocal adjustment	±0.5 mm	_
Mass	980 g	1.2 kg

Polarizer and analyzer

For simplified polarized-light observation. Also suitable for enhancing contrast of low-magnification objectives.





DIC unit

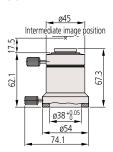
Used for differential interference contrast observation in conjunction with the polarizer.



Order No.	Magnification
378-076	100X, SL80X, SL50X
378-078	50X, SL20X
378-079	20X
378-080	10X, 5X

Adapter B

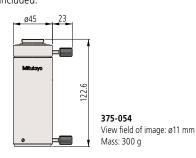
Used for mounting a C-mount camera.



378-042 View field of image: ø11 mm Mass: 170 g

0.5X TV adapter unit

Allows observation over a wide field of view on the monitor (2X wide) due to the 0.5X relay optics. It is used in conjunction with the optional adapter B. A C-mount is included.







Console box

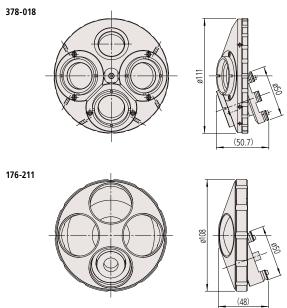
Order No.	378-216	378-016	176-212
Observation method	Bright	t-field	Bright/Dark-field
No. of objective mounts	5 (1 reference hole and 4 holes with centering adjustment)	4 (1 reference hole and 3 holes with centering adjustment)	4
View field adjustment	±0.5	mm	_
Positioning accuracy	2 σ = 3 μm	_	_
Durability (life-time)	1 million repositioning operations	_	_
Drive method		DC motor	
Power supply	AC100 V - 240 V, 10 W	AC100 V - 24	0 V, 6 W
Output interface	RS-232	C*1 for external PC cont	rol
Cable length	2.9 m*2 (connecti	on of power turret and	console box)
Dimensions (WxHxD) and mass	(378-21 Console l	: 164x65x137 mm, 1.4 k 6 : 130x47x186 mm, 1.7 pox: 108x72x193 mm, 8 6 : 108x63x176 mm, 81	kg) 10 g

- *1: Optional RS-232C Cable: 12AAA807
- *2: The length of cable connecting the power turret and console box is a safe maximum and therefore Mitutoyo does not guarantee error-free operation if a cable extension is used to increase total cable length.



Dimensions of Optional Accessories for FS70

Manual turret



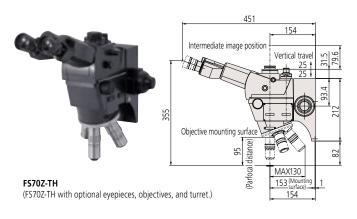
Optional objective adapter: 378-026-1

This objective adapter allows mounting the bright-field objective on the bright/dark-field turret (176-211 and 176-210) while maintaining the focus position (parfocal).

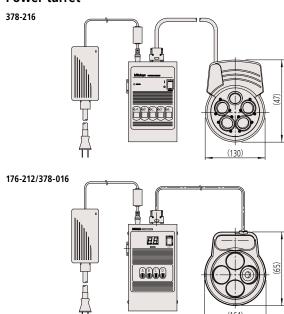
Order No.	378-026-1
Applicable models	Microscopes mounted with the bright/dark-field manual turret or power turret (MF-U, HyperMF-U)
Applicable objective lens	M Plan Apo, M Plan Apo SL, G Plan Apo, M Plan Apo NIR, M Plan Apo NUV, M Plan UV

Tilting head type

Mitutoyo's FS70-series lineup adopts a tilting head specification that allows the user to adjust the head to an appropriate eye point according to personal physical attributes when looking through the microscope eyepiece.



Power turret

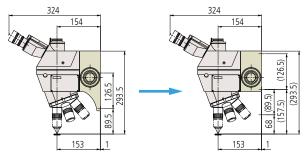


Focus point adjust shim set

Order No.	Use	Details
378-089	For bright-field turret	The focus point adjust shim set includes
378-090	For bright/dark-field turret	50 μm, 30 μm and 20 μm thickness SUS rings

Short focus unit type

Manual Focus Unit S can be mounted on the main unit 68mm higher than the standard focus unit without changing the eye-point position. The order numbers in the following table represent the FS70-series main units on which this focus unit has previously been mounted.



Standard focusing unit mounting dimensions

Manual focusing unit S mounting dimensions

Model	FS70-S	FS70Z-S	FS70L-S	FS70L4-S				
Order No.	378-184-2	378-185-2	378-186-2	378-187-2				
Travel range	50 mm							
Coarse/fine feed	Coarse f	Coarse feed: 3.8 mm/rev., Fine feed: 0.1 mm/rev.						
Loading capacity of camera mount*	14.5 kg	14.1 kg	14.2 kg	13.9 kg				
Mass	6.1 kg	6.6 kg	6.4 kg	6.7 kg				

*Mass of turret, objective, and eyepiece are excluded.

Note: If the tilting head type with a short focus unit is required, please contact your local Mitutoyo sales office.

Mitutoyo

Objectives for Bright-field Observation (long working distance)

M Plan Apo / M Plan Apo HR

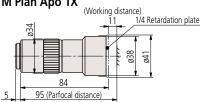
VMU WIDE VMU FS70 MF-U Hyper MF-U

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Bright-field observation
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat

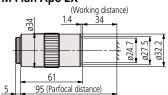


Dimensions

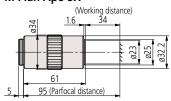
M Plan Apo 1X



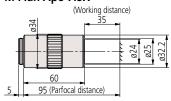
M Plan Apo 2X



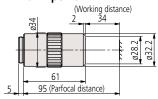
M Plan Apo 5X



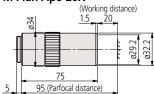
M Plan Apo 7.5X

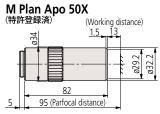


M Plan Apo 10X

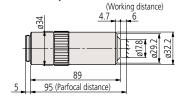


M Plan Apo 20X

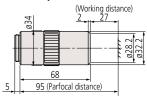




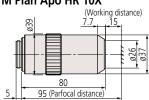
M Plan Apo 100X



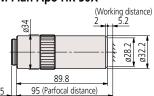
M Plan Apo HR 5X



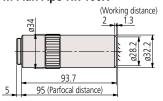
M Plan Apo HR 10X



M Plan Apo HR 50X



M Plan Apo HR 100X





Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (μm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Model	Order No.	N.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±υοι (μπ)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
M Plan Apo									_
M Plan Apo 1X *1	378-800-12	0.025	11.0	200	11.0	440	24	4.8×6.4	300
M Plan Apo 2X *2	378-801-12	0.055	34.0	100	5.0	91	12	2.4×3.2	220
M Plan Apo 5X	378-802-6	0.14	34.0	40	2.0	14	4.8	0.96×1.28	230
M Plan Apo 7.5X	378-807-3	0.21	35.0	26.67	1.3	6.2	3.2	0.64×0.85	240
M Plan Apo 10X	378-803-3	0.28	34.0	20	1.0	3.5	2.4	0.48×0.64	240
M Plan Apo 20X	378-804-3	0.42	20.0	10	0.7	1.6	1.2	0.24×0.32	270
M Plan Apo 50X	378-805-3	0.55	13.0	4	0.5	0.9	0.48	0.10×0.13	290
M Plan Apo 100X	378-806-3	0.70	6.0	2	0.4	0.6	0.24	0.05×0.06	320
M Plan Apo HR									
M Plan Apo HR 5X *3	378-787-16	0.21	27.0	40	1.3	6.2	4.8	0.96×1.28	285
M Plan Apo HR 10X *3	378-788-15	0.42	15.0	20	0.7	1.60	2.4	0.48×0.64	455
M Plan Apo HR 50X	378-814-4	0.75	5.2	4	0.4	0.49	0.48	0.10×0.13	400
M Plan Apo HR 100X	378-815-4	0.90	1.3	2	0.3	0.34	0.24	0.05×0.06	410

[•] Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm).

*1: When observing a workpiece whose optical reflectance is low, an appropriate polarizer should be used with this lens.

*2: When observing a workpiece whose optical reflectance is low, using this lens with a 1/4 wave plate and polarization unit (No.02ALN370) is recommended.

*3: These specifications apply to the objectives in isolation and may not apply when a lens is mounted in the turret of a microscope, depending on the design of that microscope. In the case where the vertical epi-illumination is provided by the user it is important to balance the various optical parameters so that optimum illumination of the target surface is obtained. Contact your local Mitutoyo sales Office for information on how this may be achieved.

Made-to-order



Objectives for Bright-field Observation (Super-long working distance)

M Plan Apo SL

VMU WIDE VMU FS70 MF-U Hyper MF-U

Features > Infinity corrected

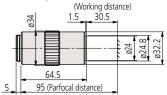
> Bright-field observation

> Super long working distance

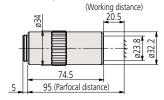
> Plan-Apochromat

Dimensions

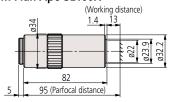








M Plan Apo SL100X



Specifications

	Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real FOV (mm)		Mass
	Model	Order No.	IV.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±DOF (μIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
ı	M Plan Apo SL									
	M Plan Apo SL20X	378-810-3	0.28	30.5	10	1.0	3.5	1.2	0.24×0.32	240
	M Plan Apo SL50X	378-811-15	0.42	20.5	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	280
	M Plan Apo SL100X	378-813-3	0.55	13.0	2	0.5	0.9	0.24	0.05×0.06	290

Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm).

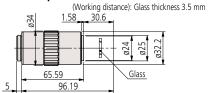
Objectives for Bright-field Observation (with cover-glass thickness compensation) **G Plan Apo**

VMU WIDE VMU FS70 MF-U Hyper MF-U

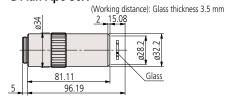
- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Bright-field observation
 - > Super Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat
 - > Designed to observe a specimen through a 3.5 mm cover glass.
 - > Design enables high-power observation through a cover glass. Note: Contact Mitutoyo to custom-order a specific cover-glass to suit your application if required. Thickness, material and refractive index are all specifiable within usual limits.

Dimensions

G Plan Apo 20X



G Plan Apo 50X



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm) (λ=550 nm)	R (μm) (λ = 550 nm)	±DOF (μm)	Real F	OV (mm) 1/2 inch camera	Mass (g)
G Plan Apo									
G Plan Apo 20X (t3.5)	378-847	0.28	29.42*	10	1.0	3.5	1.2	0.24×0.32	270
G Plan Apo 50X (t3.5)	378-848-3	0.50	13.89*	4	0.6	1.1	0.48	0.10×0.13	320

Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm).



Objectives for Bright/Dark-field Observation (long working distance)

BD Plan Apo

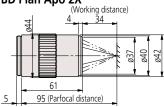
FS70 WIDE VMU MF-U Hyper MF-U

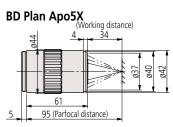
- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Bright/dark-field observation Suited to the observation of scratches, concavity and convexity on a surface
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat

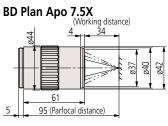


Dimensions

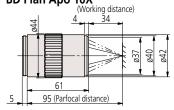
BD Plan Apo 2X

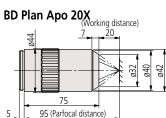


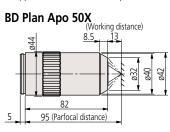




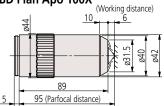
BD Plan Apo 10X







BD Plan Apo 100X



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	mm) $f (mm)$ $(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	R (μm) (λ=550 nm)	±DOF (μm)	Real FOV (mm)		Mass
Model	Order No.	IN.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)				ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
BD Plan Apo									
BD Plan Apo 2X*	378-831-12	0.055	34.0	100	5.0	91	12	2.4×3.2	340
BD Plan Apo 5X	378-832-7	0.14	34.0	40	2.0	14	4.8	0.96×1.28	350
BD Plan Apo 7.5X	378-830-7	0.21	34.0	26.67	1.3	6.2	3.2	0.64×0.85	350
BD Plan Apo 10X	378-833-7	0.28	34.0	20	1.0	3.5	2.4	0.48×0.64	350
BD Plan Apo 20X	378-834-7	0.42	20.0	10	0.7	1.6	1.2	0.24×0.32	400
BD Plan Apo 50X	378-835-7	0.55	13.0	4	0.5	0.9	0.48	0.10×0.13	440
BD Plan Apo 100X	378-836-7	0.70	6.0	2	0.4	0.6	0.24	0.05×0.06	460

[•] Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 µm).

^{*} It is recommended to be used together with the 1/4 wavelength plate B (02ALN380) and appropriate polarizer for the microscope used (Working distance will be shortened 4 mm).



Near-infrared radiation range objectives for Bright-field observation

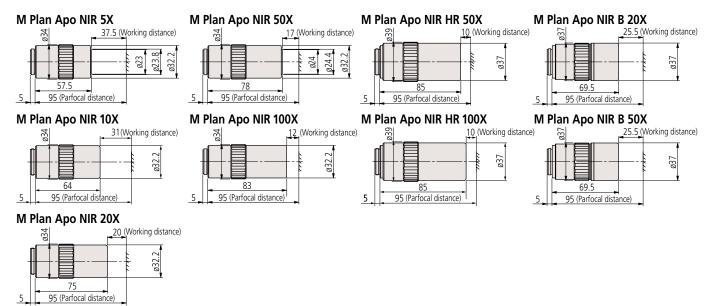
M Plan Apo NIR / M Plan Apo NIR HR / M Plan Apo NIR B

VMU FS70

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright-field observation and laser applications
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat
 - > Wavelength correction from visible to near-infrared (1800 nm)
 - > Available high-power type (M Plan Apo NIR HR)



Dimensions



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Model	Order No.	IV.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±DOF (µIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
M Plan Apo NIR									
M Plan Apo NIR 5X	378-822-5	0.14	37.5	40	2.0	14.0	4.8	0.96×1.28	220
M Plan Apo NIR 10X	378-823-15	0.26	31.0	20	1.1	4.1	2.4	0.48×0.64	250
M Plan Apo NIR 20X	378-824-16	0.40	20.0	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.32	300
M Plan Apo NIR 50X	378-825-16	0.42	17.0	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	315
M Plan Apo NIR 100X	378-826-15	0.50	12.0	2	0.6	1.1	0.24	0.05×0.06	335
M Plan Apo NIR HR									
M Plan Apo NIR HR 50X	378-863-5	0.65	10.0	4	0.4	0.7	0.48	0.10×0.13	450
M Plan Apo NIR HR 100X	378-864-15	0.70	10.0	2	0.4	0.6	0.24	0.05×0.06	490
M Plan Apo NIR B									
M Plan Apo NIR B 20X	378-867-5	0.40	25.5	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.13	350
M Plan Apo NIR B 50X	378-868-5	0.42	25.5	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	375

[•] Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm). Note: If the wavelength used is 1100 nm or longer, the focal point may deviate slightly from that in visible radiation.



Near-infrared radiation range objectives for Bright-field observation (with cover-glass thickness compensation)

LCD Plan Apo NIR / LCD Plan Apo NIR HR

VMU FS70

Features > Infinity corrected

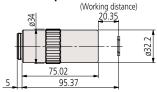
- - > Suitable for bright-field observation and laser-based repair applications through LCD glass
- > Ultra-long working distance
- > Plan-Apochromat
- > Designed to observe a specimen through glass 1.1 mm or 0.7 mm thick.
 - > This makes these lenses suitable for high-power observation through a sheet of glass.

Note: Mitutoyo is ready to design and manufacture a specific sheet of glass according to a specified glass thickness and material (or refractive index).

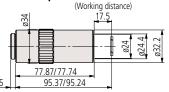


Dimensions

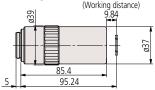
LCD Plan Apo NIR 20X (t1.1)



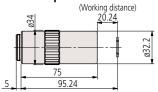
LCD Plan Apo NIR 50X (t1.1)/(t0.7)



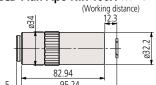
LCD Plan Apo NIR HR 50X (t0.7)



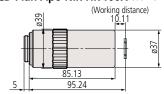
LCD Plan Apo NIR 20X (t0.7)



LCD Plan Apo NIR 100X (t0.7)



LCD Plan Apo NIR HR 100X (t0.7)



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (μm)	Real F	FOV (mm)	Mass
Model	Order No.	IN.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±DOF (μIII)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
LCD Plan Apo NIR									
LCD Plan Apo NIR 20X (t1.1)	378-827-16	0.40	19.98*	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.32	305
LCD Plan Apo NIR 20X (t0.7)	378-821-16	0.40	20.00*	10	0.7	1.7	1.2	0.24×0.32	305
LCD Plan Apo NIR 50X (t1.1)	378-828-16	0.42	17.13 *	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	320
LCD Plan Apo NIR 50X (t0.7)	378-829-16	0.42	17.26*	4	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	320
LCD Plan Apo NIR 100X (t0.7)	378-754-15	0.50	12.06*	2	0.6	1.1	0.24	0.05×0.06	335
LCD Plan Apo NIR HR									
LCD Plan Apo NIR HR 50X (t0.7)	378-869-5	0.65	9.6 *	4	0.4	0.7	0.48	0.10×0.13	450
LCD Plan Apo NIR HR 100X (t0.7)	378-870-15	0.70	9.87	2	0.4	0.7	0.24	0.05×0.06	490

Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm).

^{*} In air



Near-ultraviolet radiation range objectives for Bright-field observation

M Plan Apo NUV / M Plan Apo NUV HR

VMU FS70

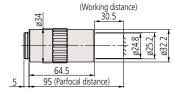


- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright-field observation and laser applications
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan-Apochromat
 - > Performance optimized for near-ultraviolet (355 nm) to visible
 - > High-power type available (M Plan Apo NUV HR)

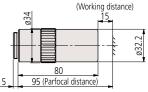


Dimensions

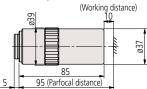
M Plan Apo NUV 10X



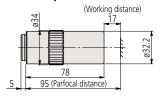
M Plan Apo NUV 50X



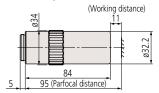
M Plan Apo NUV HR 50X



M Plan Apo NUV 20X



M Plan Apo NUV 100X



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (μm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Model	Order No.	N.A.	VV.D. (mm)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±DOF (μm)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
M Plan Apo NUV									
M Plan Apo NUV 10X	378-809-5	0.28	30.5	20	1	3.5	2.4	0.48×0.64	255
M Plan Apo NUV 20X	378-817-8	0.42	17.0	10	0.7	1.6	1.2	0.24×0.32	340
M Plan Apo NUV 50X	378-818-8	0.44	15.0	4	0.6	1.4	0.48	0.10×0.13	350
M Plan Apo NUV 100X	378-819-15	0.50	11.0	2	0.6	1.1	0.24	0.05×0.06	380
M Plan Apo NUV HR									
M Plan Apo NUV HR 50X	378-888-6	0.65	10.0	4	0.42	0.65	0.48	0.10×0.13	500

[•] Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm).



Near-ultraviolet radiation range objectives for Bright-field observation (with cover-glass thickness compensation)

LCD Plan Apo NUV / LCD Plan Apo NUV HR

VMU FS70



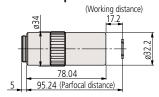
- > Suitable for bright-field observation and laser-based repair applications through LCD glass
- > Long working distance
- > Plan-Apochromat
- > Designed to observe a specimen through glass 1.1 mm or
 - > This makes these lenses suitable for high-power observation through a sheet of glass.

Note: Mitutoyo is ready to design and manufacture a specific sheet of glass according to a specified glass thickness and material (or refractive index).

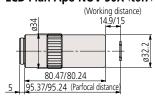


Dimensions

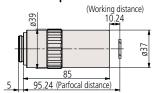
LCD Plan Apo NUV 20X (t0.7)



LCD Plan Apo NUV 50X (t0.7)



LCD Plan Apo NUV HR 50X (t0.7)



Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (mm) (λ=550 nm)	R (μm) (λ=550 nm)	±DOF (μm)	Real F ø24 eyepiece	FOV (mm) 1/2 inch camera	Mass (g)
LCD Plan Apo NUV									
LCD Plan Apo NUV 20X (t0.7)	378-890-8	0.42	16.96 *	10	0.7	1.6	1.2	0.24×0.32	340
LCD Plan Apo NUV 50X (t0.7)	378-820-8	0.44	14.76 *	4	0.6	1.4	0.48	0.10×0.13	350
LCD Plan Apo NUV HR									
LCD Plan Apo NUV HR 50X (t0.7)	378-891-6	0.65	9.76 *	4	0.4	0.7	0.48	0.10×0.13	500

[•] Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm).



Ultraviolet radiation range objectives for Bright-field observation

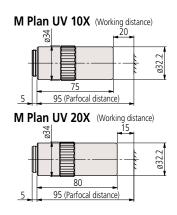
M Plan UV

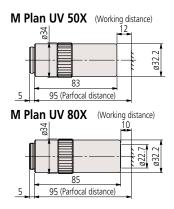
VMU FS70

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright-field observation and laser applications
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan
 - > Performance optimized for ultraviolet (266 nm) and visible wavelengths
 - > High-transmittance in the ultraviolet range



Dimensions





Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (r	nm)	R (µm)	LDOE (um)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Model	Order No.	N.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	f ₂₆₆	f550	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±DOF (μm)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
M Plan UV										
M Plan UV 10X	378-844-15	0.25	20.0	20	20.3	1.1	4.4	2.4	0.48×0.64	310
M Plan UV 20X	378-837-8	0.37	15.0	10	10.4	0.7	2.0	1.2	0.24×0.32	370
M Plan UV 50X	378-838-8	0.41	12.0	4	4.2	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	400
M Plan UV 80X	378-839-5	0.55	10.0	2.5	2.9	0.5	0.9	0.3	0.06×0.08	380

[•] When projecting a mask image on a specimen by using a YAG laser system mounted on a Mitutoyo microscope unit, the mask image will be scaled by the factor f/200 times (f = 200 mm, Mitutoyo tube lens). Since the focal length (f) in ultraviolet radiation (λ = 266 nm) is slightly smaller than that in visible radiation (λ = 550 nm) as above, the working area in ultraviolet radiation also becomes slightly smaller than the mask image in visible radiation.

[•] Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm).



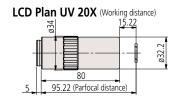
Ultraviolet radiation range objectives for Bright-field observation (with cover-glass thickness compensation)

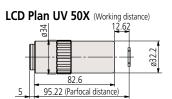
LCD Plan UV

VMU FS70

- Features > Infinity corrected
 - > Suitable for bright-field observation and laser-repair based applications through LCD glass
 - > Long working distance
 - > Plan
 - > Designed to observe a specimen through glass 0.7 mm thick.
 - > This makes these lenses suitable for high-power observation through a sheet of glass. Note: Mitutoyo is ready to design and manufacture a specific sheet of glass according to a specified glass thickness and material (or refractive index).

Dimensions





ı	Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	f (n	mm) R (µm)		±DOF (µm)	Real FOV (mm)		Mass
	Model	Order No.	N.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	f ₂₆₆	f 550	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±DOF (μΠ)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
Ī	LCD Plan UV										
	LCD Plan UV 20X (t0.7)	378-892-8	0.37	14.98 *	10	10.4	0.7	2.0	1.2	0.24×0.32	370
	LCD Plan UV 50X (t0.7)	378-893-8	0.41	12.38 *	4	4.2	0.7	1.6	0.48	0.10×0.13	400

[•] When projecting a mask image on a specimen by using a YAG laser system mounted on a Mitutoyo microscope unit, the mask image will be scaled by the factor f/200 times (f=200 mm, Mitutoyo tube lens). Since the focal length (f) in ultraviolet radiation (λ = 266 nm) is slightly smaller than that in visible radiation (λ = 550 nm) as above, the working area in ultraviolet radiation also becomes slightly smaller than the mask image in visible radiation.

Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 μm).

^{*} In air



Tube Lens **MT**

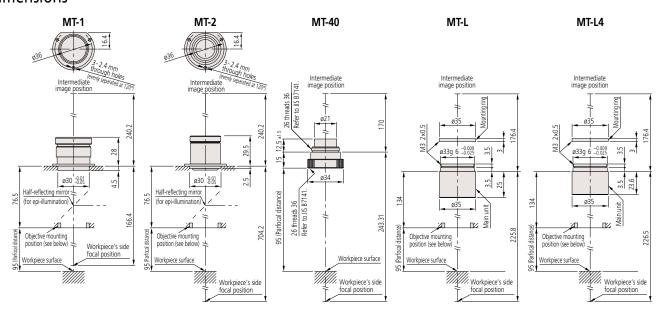
Aberration correction range

MT-1, **2**, **40**: Visible wavelength range (435.8 – 656.3 nm)

MT-L: Near-ultraviolet (355 nm) to near-infrared (1800 nm)

MT-L4: Ultraviolet (266 nm) to visible (620 nm).

Dimensions



Specifications

Order No.	Focal length (mm)	Magnification (tube lens)	Image field (mm)	Effective lens dia. (mm)	Dimensions (mm)	Mass (g)
970208	200	1X	ø30	ø24.0	ø40×32.5	43
970209	400	2X	ø30	ø18.0	ø40×32.0	42
378-010	200	1X	ø24	ø11.2	ø34×27.5	45
378-008	200	1X	ø24	ø22.0	ø35×32.0	30
378-009	200	1X	ø24	ø23.0	ø35×30.6	30

Note: A distance of 76.5mm in 970208 and 970209 drawings is for an image field of ø30 (without vignetting). For an image field of ø24 or ø11 (the latter is the image field of a 2/3-inch camera), use the formula (1) and (2) below to calculate the distance.



Reference: Placement of Objective and Tube Lens

Mitutoyo's long working-distance objective lenses are designed to cover a field of view of up to ø30 mm (ø24 mm), when the tube lens **970208** or **970209** (**378-008**, **378-009** or **378-010**) is placed at the specified distance from the objective. However, use the following formula to calculate the approximate distance, when a distance other than that as specified is required in order to insert your own optical system or other optical elements:

$$\ell = (\varnothing_2 - \varnothing_1) \cdot f_2 / \varnothing \text{ [mm]} \cdots (1)$$

Ø1 = 2 • f • N.A. [mm]·····(2)

ø1: Objective exit pupil diameter (mm)

 g_2 : Effective diameter of tube lens (mm)

 f_2 : Focal length of tube lens (mm)

ø: Image field diameter (mm)

Example: What is the distance (ℓ), when using **M Plan Apo 10X*** and tube lens** (**970208**) to cover an image field of \emptyset 24?

*f=20 mm, N.A.=0.28 (Refer to page 19.) ** \emptyset 2=24 mm, f2=200 mm (Refer to the above chart.)

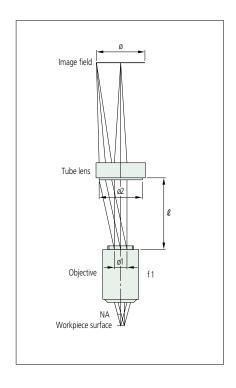
From formula (2): $\emptyset_1=2x20x0.28$ =11.2 (mm)

From formula (1): $\ell = (24-11.2) \times 200/24$

=106.6 (mm)

Therefore a distance (ℓ) up to 106 mm can cover an image field of \emptyset 24 without shading.

In other words a distance (ℓ) smaller than the specification does not affect optical performance. Contact Mitutoyo for detailed information.





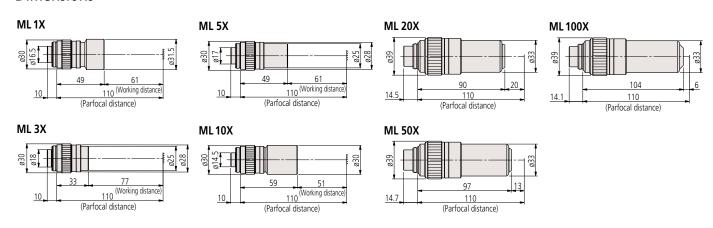
Objectives for Measuring Microscopes

MF Hyper MF

- **Features** > Finite-correction (image-object distance: 280 mm, parfocal length: 110 mm)
 - > Bright-field observation
 - > Long working distance
 - > Telecentric for lenses lower than 10X magnification



Dimensions



Note: The parfocal distance is a nominal value.

Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	R (µm)	±DOF (µm)	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Wodel	Order No.	N.A.	VV.D. (IIIIII)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±DOF (μπ)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
ML 1X	375-036-2	0.03	61.0	9.2	306	24	4.8×6.4	80
ML 3X	375-037-1	0.09	77.0	3.06	34	8	1.6×2.1	55
ML 5X	375-034-1	0.13	61.0	2.12	16.3	4.8	0.96×1.28	60
ML 10X	375-039	0.21	51.0	1.31	6.2	2.4	0.48×0.64	95
ML 20X	375-051	0.42	20.0	0.65	1.6	1.2	0.24×0.32	310
ML 50X	375-052	0.55	13.0	0.5	0.9	0.48	0.10×0.13	350
ML 100X	375-053	0.70	6.0	0.4	0.6	0.24	0.05×0.06	380

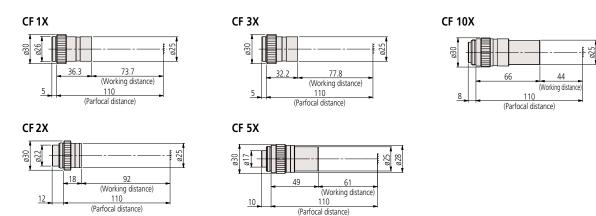
[•] Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ=0.55 μm).



Objectives for Centering microscopes

- **Features** > Finite-correction
 - (image-object distance: 280 mm, parfocal length: 110 mm)
 - > Bright-field observation
 - > Long working distance

Dimensions



Note: The parfocal distance is a nominal value.

Specifications

Model	Order No.	NI A	N.A. W.D. (mm)		. DOF ()	Real F	OV (mm)	Mass
Model	Order No.	N.A.	W.D. (mm)	$(\lambda = 550 \text{ nm})$	±DOF (μm)	ø24 eyepiece	1/2 inch camera	(g)
CF 1X	375-031	0.03	73.7	9.2	306	24	4.8×6.4	45
CF 2X	375-032	0.06	92.0	4.6	76	12	2.4×3.2	35
CF 3X	375-033	0.07	77.8	3.9	56	8	1.6×2.1	35
CF 5X	375-034-1	0.13	61.0	2.12	16.3	4.8	0.96×1.28	60
CF 10X	375-035	0.18	44.0	1.5	8	2.4	0.48×0.64	100

(Parfocal distance)

[•] Every resolution and single objective's depth of focus in the above table is a value determined on the basis of a reference wavelength (λ = 0.55 µm).



Wide Field of View Eyepieces and Reticles

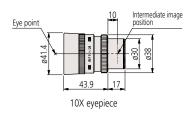
MF MF-U Hyper MF Hyper MF-U FS70

- **Features** > Eyepiece for wide field of view
 - > Adopt an outside focus type of optical system
 - > Various reticles can be attached according to usage purposes

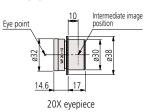


Dimensions





WF 20X/12



Specifications

Order No. (2pcs.)	Model	Magnification	Field number	Visibility adjustment	Eye point	Reticle	Mass (g)	
378-866	Wide field of view eyepiece WF10X/24	10×	24	-10D to +5D	High eye point	Available	150	
378-858	Wide field of view eyepiece WF20X/12	20×	12	-8D to +5D	Normal	Available	55	

Note: The above lenses are provided as a set of 2.

Reticles

- Features > Wide field of view, especially the UWF 10X type (30 field number)
 - > External focusing system* allows installing an optional reticle. *Except for UWF 10X

Dimensions

No.516848



No.516576



No.516578



No.516577



No.516849



No.516850



Order No.	516848	516576	516578	516577	516849	516850
Remarks	Solid crosshairs	90° and 60° broken crosshairs	Concentric circles (ø1.2-18 mm) with solid crosshairs	Solid crosshairs with scale graduated 0.1 mm/20 mm	10 mm scale with 0.1 mm graduations	5 mm scale with 0.05 mm graduations



Optional Accessories for Microscopes

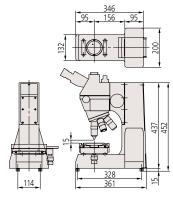
Stand

For mounting the VMU, WIDE VMU, or FS70 microscope unit. Can be combined with an XY stage, stage illumination unit and fiber-optic illuminator to work as a compact microscope for surface observation.

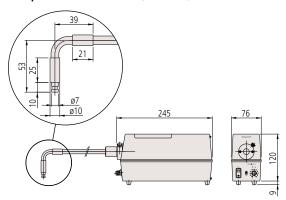


Order No.	378-730
Mass	6.7 kg

Stand with XY stage and stage illumination unit mounted on FS70Z with optional objectives and eyepieces

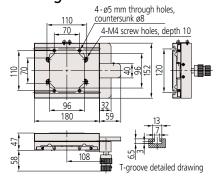


Fiber-optic illuminator (100 W)



Order No.		378-700			
Light source		12 V/100 W parabolic-type halogen bulb (517181), 100h service life			
Light guide		Fiber-optic cable (1.5 m length, 5 mm dia.)			
Brightness		Adjustable by volumn			
	ND2	For 1/2 light intensity (12AAB251)			
Filter	ND8	For 1/8 light intensity (12AAB252)			
(optional)	GIF	Green filter (12AAG806)			
	LB80	Color temperature conversion filter (12AAG807)			

XY stage

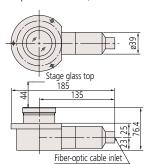


Order No.	378-020
Travel range	50x50 mm
Handle feed	34 mm/rev.
Mass	3.3 kg

Note: Each wheel functions as a single-axis drive.

Stage illumination unit

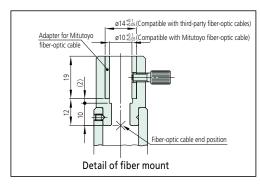
Attaches to the stand to provide contour illumination in conjunction with a fiber-optic illuminator (100 W or 150 W).

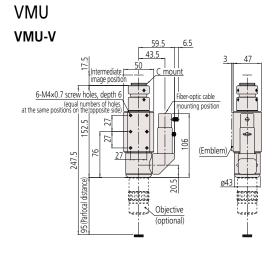


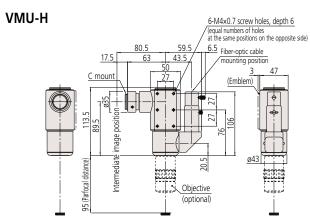
Order No.	378-736
Mass	0.8 kg

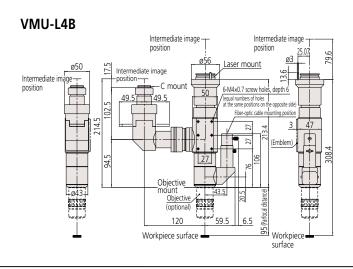
Mitutoyo

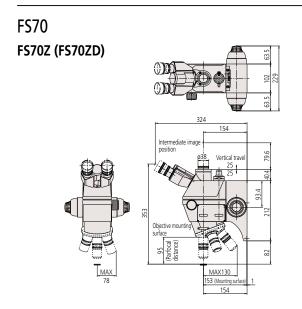
Dimensions

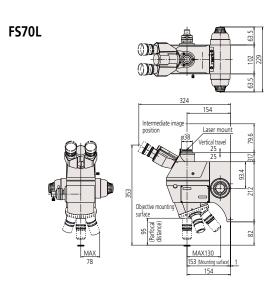




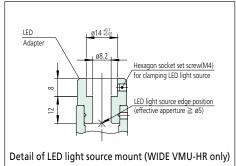


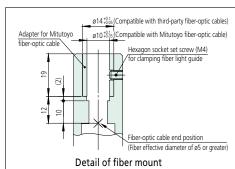




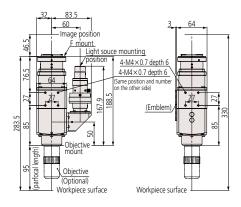




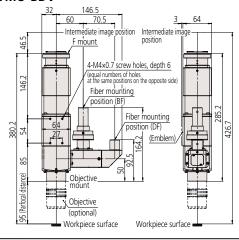




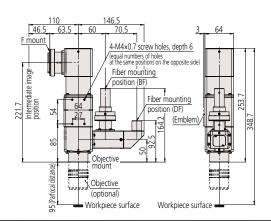
WIDE VMU-HR

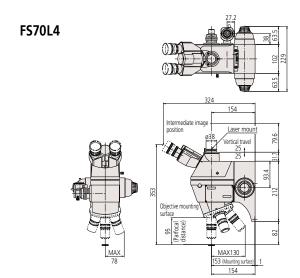


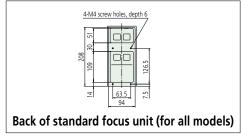
WIDE VMU-BDV

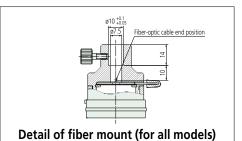


WIDE VMU-BDH





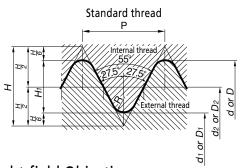


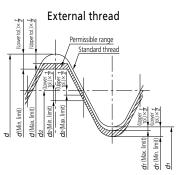


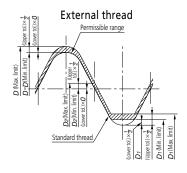


Reference: Specifications of Objective Threads

- 1. Scope These specifications are applied to the threads of Mitutoyo microscope objectives.
- 2. The thread forms and dimensions are specified as follows conforming to JIS B-7141-1994.







Bright-field Objectives Measuring Microscope/Centering Microscope Objectives

Nominal Dimensions

External thread Thread peak OD Nominal Number of Pitch & valley diameter (d₂) diameter (d₁) (d) thread threads curvature Internal thread diameter (per 25.4 mm radius Root Pitch diameter (Dz (D₁) diameter (D)

0.097

26.000

25.548

Bright/Dark-field Objectives

Nominal Dimensions

	Number of			External thread		
Nominal		Pitch	Thread peak & valley	OD (d)	Pitch diameter (d ₂)	Root diameter (d ₁)
thread threads diameter (per 25.4 mr) P	curvature radius R	Internal thread		
	n	Root diameter (D)		Pitch diameter (D ₂)	ID (D ₁)	
40	36	0.706	0.097	40.000	39.548	39.096

Permissible Limits of Size and Dimensional Tolerance

Applicable dimensions			External thre	ead	Internal thread			
		OD (d)	Pitch diameter (d ₂)	Root diameter (d1)	Root diameter (D)	Pitch diameter (D ₂)	ID (D ₁)	
I CITIIISSIDIC	Max. limit	25.896	25.502	25.050	26.076	25.624	25.230	
	Min. limit	25.820	25.426	24.974	26.000	25.548	25.154	
Dimensional tolerance	Upper tolerance	-0.104	-0.046	-0.046	+0.076	+0.076	+0.134	
	Lower tolerance	-0.180	-0.122	-0.122	0	0	+0.058	

Permissible Limits of Size and Dimensional Tolerance

Applicable dimensions			External thre	ad	Internal thread			
		OD	Pitch diameter (d ₂)	Root diameter (d ₁)	Root diameter (D)	Pitch diameter (D ₂)	ID (D ₁)	
I CITIII33IDIC	Max. limit	39.896	39.502	39.050	40.076	39.624	39.230	
	Min. limit	39.820	39.426	38.974	40.000	39.548	39.154	
Dimensional tolerance	Upper tolerance	-0.104	-0.046	-0.046	+0.076	+0.076	+0.134	
	Lower tolerance	-0.180	-0.122	-0.122	0	0	+0.058	

Reference: Transmission of Mitutoyo Objectives

Unit: mm

25.096

Unit: mm

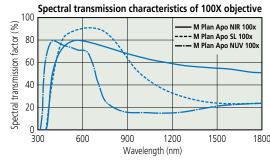
Mitutoyo's long working-distance objectives are grouped by working wavelength range: ultraviolet, near-ultraviolet, visible, and near-infrared. The M Plan UV series (for ultraviolet), M Plan Apo NUV series (for near-ultraviolet), and M Plan Apo NIR series (for near-infrared) are designed especially for YAG laser working applications in cutting thin films. Each series is designed for optimal spectral transmission factor within its respective wavelength range.

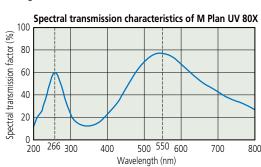
M (BD) Plan Apo series: Wavelength range 436 nm to 656 nm

M Plan Apo NIR series: Wavelength range 480 nm to 1800 nm

M Plan Apo NUV series: Wavelength range 355 nm to 620 nm

M Plan UV series: Optimized for wavelengths of 266 nm and 550 nm





N.A.: Numerical aperture W.D.: Working distance f: Focal length R: Resolving power DOF: Depth of field FOV: Real field of view



Commentary: Laser Operating Method and Precautions

Each VMU and FS70 series of Mitutoyo microscope units uses a built-in laser [mainly, Nd-YAG laser fundamental wave (1064 nm), second harmonic (532 nm), third harmonic (355 nm) and fourth harmonic (266 nm)] to allow laser machining. In laser machining with a laser-equipped microscope unit and a microscope objective, high-power laser irradiation is not allowed for the purpose of microfabrication. IMPORTANT: Review laser safety precautions prior to use.

Laser Input Conditions of Laser-equipped Microscope Unit

Determine the upper limit value of laser input under the following conditions. Laser radiation incident on the optical system shall be axial and non-polarized.

VMU Series

Applicable model	VMU-LB			VMU-L4B			
Wavelength used (nm)	1064	532	355	1064	532	355	266
Pulse laser Upper input limit (J/cm²) Pulse width (10 ns)	0.099	0.075	0.025	0.11	0.080	0.035	0.015
Upper limit to CW laser input (kW/cm²)	0.22	0.18	0.07	0.2	0.19	0.05	0.05

FS70 Series

Applicable model		FS70L	FS7	0L4	
Wavelength used (nm)	1064	532	355	532	266
Pulse laser Upper input limit (J/cm²) Pulse width (10 ns)	0.090	0.075	0.018	0.075	0.015
Upper limit to CW laser input (kW/cm²)		0.18	0.06	0.2	0.05

Upper Limit to Objective Laser Input

Determine the upper limit value of laser input under the following conditions if the laser radiation directly enters the objective. Laser radiation incident on the optical system shall be axial.

VMU Series

Applicable objective	NIR series	NIR series NUV series UV series	NUV series	UV series
Wavelength used (nm)	1064	532	355	266
Pulse laser Upper input limit (J/cm²) Pulse width (10 ns)	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.04
Upper limit to CW laser input (kW/cm²)	0.5	0.25	0.16	0.12

Note: If the pulse width of the laser is shortened, reduce the irradiation energy density by the square root of the ratio of the new pulse width to the initial pulse width.

Example: If the pulse width decreases to 1/4 of the initial width, reduce the energy density to approximately 1/2.

Therefore when using a laser with a wavelength of 1064 nm and a pulse width of 2.5 ns, the upper limiting value of input will be 0.1 J/cm².



Glossary

1. N.A. (Numerical Aperture)

N.A. determines resolving power, depth of field, and luminosity of the image. The larger the N.A. the higher is the resolving power and smaller is the depth of field.

$$N.A. = n \cdot Sin\theta$$

n is the index of refraction of the medium in which the lens is working. n=1.0 for air

 θ is the half-angle of the maximum cone of light that can enter or exit the lens.



2. R (Resolving Power)

Minimum distance between points or lines that are just distinguishable as separate entities.

Resolving power is determined by N.A. and wavelength λ .

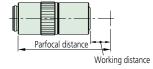
$$R (\mu m) = \frac{\lambda}{2 \cdot N.A.}$$

3. W.D. (Working distance)

Distance between the surface of the specimen and the front face of the objective when in focus.

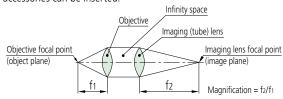
4. Parfocal Length

Distance between the surface of the specimen and the objective's seating surface when in focus.



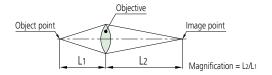
5. Infinity-corrected optical system

An optical system in which the image is formed by an objective and a tube lens with an 'Infinity Space' between them, into which optical accessories can be inserted.



6. Finite-corrected optical system

An optical system in which the image is formed only by an objective lens.



7. F (Focal Length)

Distance between a principal point and a focal point. f¹ is the focal length of an objective, f² is the focal length of a tube lens. Magnification is determined by the ratio of the focal length of the tube lens to that of the objective. (For an infinity-corrected optical system.)

$$\label{eq:magnification} \text{Magnification of objective} = \frac{\text{Focal length of tube lens}}{\text{Focal length of objective}}$$

(E.g.)
$$1X = \frac{200 \text{ (mm)}}{200 \text{ (mm)}}$$
 (E.g.) $10X = \frac{200 \text{ (mm)}}{20 \text{ (mm)}}$

8. Field number and FOV (Real Field of View)

The field number of an eyepiece is determined by the field stop diameter of the eyepiece and it is expressed in mm.

FOV is the area of specimen observable and is determined by the field number of the eyepiece and magnification of the objective.

$$FOV (mm) = \frac{Field number of eyepiece}{Magnification of objective}$$

(E.g. Using an eyepiece of field number 24)

FOV for 1X objective =
$$\frac{24}{1}$$
 = ø24 (mm)

FOV for 10X objective =
$$\frac{24}{10}$$
 = Ø2.4 (mm)

Area of specimen observable on TV monitor

Area of specimen observable on TV monitor
$$\frac{\text{Area of specimen observable on TV monitor}}{\text{observable on TV monitor}} = \frac{\text{Area of camera image element (VxH)}}{\text{Magnification of objective}}$$

Indication magnification on TV monitor

Note: Size of camera image element (V x H x Diagonal)

1/3 inch image element: 3.6x4.8x6.0 mm 1/2 inch image element: 4.8x6.4x8.0 mm

2/3 inch image element: 6.6x8.8x11.0 mm

9. DOF (Depth of Field)

Vertical distance in the specimen, measured from above and below the exact plane of focus, which still yields an acceptable image. The larger the N.A., the smaller the depth of field.

Eyepiece observation (Formula due to Berek)

$$\pm DOF (\mu m) = \frac{\omega \times 250.000}{N.A. \times M} + \frac{\lambda}{2x(N.A.)^2}$$
 $\lambda = Standard wavelength$

ω: Resolution of human eye (Visual angle: 5 minute)

M: Total magnification (Objective mag. x Eyepiece mag.)

TV monitor observation

$$\pm DOF (\mu m) = \frac{\lambda}{2x(N.A.)^2}$$
 $\lambda = Standard wavelength (550 nm)$



10. Bright-field illumination and dark-field illumination

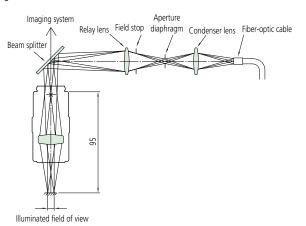
Bright-field illumination directly lights the specimen with a solid cone of rays and is the simplest method available. Dark-field illumination uses a hollow cone of rays formed by an opaque stop at the center of the condenser large enough to prevent direct light from entering the objective. The specimen is placed at the concentration of the light cone, and is seen with light scattered or diffracted by it, therefore scratches and dents on the specimen surface are illuminated while the rest remains dark.

11. Apochromatic objective and achromatic objective

An apochromatic objective is corrected for chromatic aberration at the red, green and blue wavelengths. An achromatic objective is corrected for chromatic aberration at the red and blue wavelengths only.

12. Koehler illumination

Köhler illumination overcomes the disadvantages of other schemes by causing parallel rays to light the specimen so that, because they will not be in focus, the image of the specimen will not include an image of the light source.



13. Telecentric illumination

This illuminating optical system is designed so that principal light passes through the focal point. This system has the advantage of retaining the size of the image center even if it is out of focus (although the circumference of the image is defocused). This illumination system provides an even illumination intensity over the entire field of view.

14. Aperture diaphragm

This diaphragm adjusts the amount of light passing through and is related to the brightness and resolving power of an optical system. This diaphragm is especially useful in width dimension measurement of cylindrical objects with contour illumination, and provides the highest degree of correct measurement/observation by suppressing diffraction in an optimal aperture.

15. Field stop

This diaphragm is used for blocking out unwanted light and thereby preventing it from degrading the image.

16. Plan

Denotes an objective lens that produces a flat (planar) image by correcting the spherical aberration/curvature of the field of an achromatic lens or an apochromatic lens. All Mitutoyo FS series objectives are plan apochromat.

17. Vignetting

This unwanted effect is the reduction of an image's brightness or saturation at the periphery compared to the image center. May be caused by external (lens hood) or internal features (dimensions of a multi-element lens).

18. Flare

Lens flare is typically seen as several starbursts, rings, or circles in a row across the image or view, caused by unwanted image formation mechanisms, such as internal reflection and scattering of light.

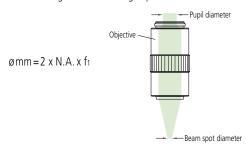
19. Double image

An image degrading a phenomenon in which an image appears as if it is a double image due to redundant light projection and optical interference within the optical system.

20. Pupil Diameter and Spot Diameter of an Objective

• Pupil diameter

Denotes the maximum diameter of a parallel light flux along the optical axis that can enter an objective from the rear. The pupil diameter is calculated according to the following expression.



• Spot diameter

If a beam of light with a uniformly distributed intensity enters an objective from the rear, the beam is focused to a spot of finite size. This size is known as the spot diameter. The approximate value of a spot diameter is calculated from the following expression.

$$\emptyset \mu m = 1.22 x \frac{\lambda}{N.A.}$$

However, the above expression cannot be applied if the light source is a laser beam of which the intensity forms a Gaussian distribution on the cross section. The diameter of a laser beam is generally indicated by 1/e² of the peak value, i.e. 13.5% of the peak value. The spot diameter of a laser beam is calculated from the following expression.

(where λ is in μ m; f and D are in mm)



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